Phys 448 HW 6

- 1) BD 5.1
- 2) BD 5.2
- 3) BD 5.3
- 4) BD 5.4
- 5) An atom has states $\{g1, e, g2\}$ with energies $\{0, \Delta, 0\}$. Two light waves of the same frequency are shown upon the atom. The

interaction with the light is given by $V = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & \varepsilon & 0 \\ \varepsilon^* & 0 & \varepsilon \end{bmatrix}$. Find the $0 \quad \varepsilon^* \quad 0$

eigenvalues and eigenvectors of *H*. One the three eigenstates is called a "dark" state. Which one is it, and why?